

Elwood P. Johns MOMENTOUS-The Chase Manhattan Bank Building under construction in downtown New York. Visible at the left is the contrasting romantic silhouette of 70 Pine Street.

THE SIGNIFICANCE OF OUR NEW SKYSCRAPERS

By ADA LOUISE HUXTABLE more, Owings & Merrill, covers glass walls raised to unbeliev-gram is an intrinsic part of the this city.

The latest giants, like the Union Carbide headquarters now virtually complete on Park Avenue between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth, the Time-Life Building that extends Rockefeller Center to the west side of Sixth Avenue, and the Chase Manhattan tower currently in Overcoming Difficulties . construction downtown at Nassau, Liberty, William and Pine lems brought on by the magnitural design.

to an intense pitch.

Three Giant Structures

without equipment and furnish-district. ings.

the Avenue of the Americas grow out of their sheer size, and pany's own future expansion. between Fiftieth and Fifty-first the overwhelming assault that And they can afford to make Streets, by Harrison & Abram-they make on the imagination some extravagant gestures. ovitz, is a forty-seven-story and the senses. This is immedial Like Seagram and Lever tower with a seven-story "wrap-ately apparent to the visitor House before them, each of around" and three basements, who emerges on the sixtieth these buildings gives over a totaling about 62,000 square floor of the still unfinished considerable area to a public feet on each of the larger, Chase tower to be greeted by plaza, with notably good effect. lower floors, at a cost of \$52,- the incomparable vista of New Each sets distinction of design 000,000 for just the shell and York harbor and the view of a as an essential initial requisite. services

Chase Manhattan, by Skid-hattan Island, through the thin the half-million-dollar art pro-

program—\$500,000.) This behe-man-made.

Medici green with envy.

Even the peripheral prob-

Streets are adding significant tude of these projects have been have kept the New York Cen-New York's new buildings are tral running on schedule as the impressive on several counts. skyscraper was being raised on They are huge. They represent foundations passing through efficient and adventurous de-the railroad directly undervelopments in technology. They neath, with only six feet bereflect portentous social and tween the building's base and economic change. They are the roof of the train shed be-clear that examples like Union charged with dramatic excite-low. (Record: one train delayed Carbide, Chase Manhattan and ment by the very nature of their ten minutes in four years.) At Time-Life are in a category siting, structure and size. And Chase Manhattan, chemical apart from the bulk of New when these factors are empha-stiffeners were injected into the York's large scale commercial sized by a still too-rare esthetic soil to keep the streets from construction. There is a sharp excellence, the drama is raised caving in around the mammoth dividing line between architecdeal with the City of New York, portant new edifices all qualify, The impact of the new con-urban planning and cash, Chase architecture. As commercial struction is inescapable. The Manhattan and the architects builders will be quick to point Union Carbide Building, by made arrangements to purchase out, they are meant primarily Skidmore, Owings & Merrill, and close off a public through- for prestige, not for profit. covers a full square city block, street which would have bi- (Something for which we the its tall black steel shaft rising sected the two-block building, people, and the city, can be fifty-two stories (712 feet) in exchange for widening the grateful.) They are not confrom a glowing pink terrazzo four surrounding streets and cerned with providing the greatplaza. It contains 1,500,000 creating ample plazas and cir-est amount of economically congross square feet of space, with culation—a substantial altera-structed rentable space for the each floor an acre in size, and tion of the layout and character fastest possible return. Designed cost more than \$70,000,000 of the heart of the financial as headquarters for large cor-

The particular power and ma-The Time-Life Building on gic of these great buildings luminous, mist-shrouded Man-In the case of Chase Manhattan,

Yorkers are aware of everything else with its sixty technology. It is evident on the are ambitious structures of the fact, they are wit-stories and five underground roof of Time-Life, looking over character and quality, surnessing something mo-levels, with a total area of two rivers from an elevation of rounded by the most expensive mentous. In the history of the 2,250,000 gross square feet and 600 feet, surrounded by im-urban luxury that money can art of architecture, there is no a total price tag of approxi-mense, perpetually circulating buy - space. In a remarkable more important age than the mately \$135.000,000. (Constructair exhaust machinery that duality of purpose, reconcilable present. And there is no more tion, \$98,000,000; land and site services the forty-seven-floor only in this commercial age, formidable evidence of this fact work, \$19,000,000; bank facili-artificial world in which no win-they aspire to the dual role of than some of the new high-rise ties and furnishings, \$17,500,- dows open, where climate and company trademark and work buildings nearing completion in 000; art program—repeat, art environment are completely of art.

moth has been five years in the The skillfully concealed serv-properly, however, one cannot making and will take about ice floors of all of the new consider them on esthetic three more for completion. buildings are noisy with the grounds alone. Because the ar-These are the kind of monu-shiplike roar of steam turbines chitect gathers, defines, exmental undertakings that would and the hiss of gauges regulat-presses and serves the economic make a Pharaoh or a Roman ing the mechanical life systems forces and social patterns of Emperor blush, and turn the that the public never sees. But modern life in these gargantuan on the street, even a casual eye structures, the real measure of registers the new construction's his success must be the manner full size and force. For architec- in which he translates these ture has created a unique world vast, inartistic requirements inof its own in the twentieth cen- to artistic terms. The very fact new dimensions to the city — fittingly colossal. The architects tures, and while it is not al- gible, concrete expression of our ways-or even often-the best complex society gives them of all possible worlds, it is an their singular vitality. inordinately significant and fascinating one.

Architects vs. Builders

However, it should be made here.) excavation. In a remarkable ture and building, and these iminvolving politics, architecture, in intent, design and result, as porations, they may or may not include rental floors, which are often earmarked for the com-

THETHER or not New two city blocks and dwarfs able heights by modern building architectural program. These

To evaluate these buildings

(This is the first of two articles on the new skyscrapers. The second will discuss in more detail the buildings mentioned





PAST AND PRESENT—"Boy With Bagpipe," charcoal and pastel, c. 1897, by Joseph Stella, loaned to the Museum of Modern Art's Stella show by Mr. and Mrs. Walter Fillin. Right, "Figure," steel, 1959, by Richard Hunt, in one-man show at Charles Alan Gallery.